

Chapter 16

Repentance

To whom is repentance to be preached?

"And that repentance and remission of sins should be preached in His name among all nations." *Luke 24:47*.

Who are called to repentance?

"I came not to call the righteous, but sinners to repentance." Luke 5:32.

How is one to know he is a sinner?

"By the law is the knowledge of sin." Rom 3:20.

Is this a universal rule?

"We have before proved both Jews and Gentiles, that they are all under sin." Rom. 3:9.

To what is the transgressor of the law subject?

"Let no man deceive you with vain words; for because of these things cometh the wrath of God upon the children of disobedience." *Eph. 5:6*.

What is it that awakens the soul to a knowledge of its condition before the law?

"When He [the Comforter] is come, He will reprove the world of sin." John 16:8.

What will be the inquiry of those who are thus convicted?

"Men and brethren, what shall we do?" Acts 2:37.

What reply should be returned to this inquiry?

"Repent, and be baptized everyone of you in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins."

Acts 2:38.

"Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved." *Acts* 16:31.

How will the convicted sinner be constrained to act?

"I will declare mine iniquity; I will be sorry for my sin." Ps. 38:18.

Time Walch: And that from a child thou hast known the holy scriptures, which are able to make thee wise unto salvation through faith which is in Christ Jesus. Timothy 3:15

What will godly sorrow work?

"For godly sorrow worketh repentance to salvation." 2 Cor. 7:10.

NOTE.-Repentance is the effect of godly sorrow, not the cause.

What will any other kind of sorrow do?

"The sorrow of the world worketh death." 2 Cor. 7:10.

NOTE.-The sorrow of the world is the result of carnal considerations, and the sinner regrets more that the sin is exposed, than that the evil was committed.

What does true repentance involve?

"Cast away from you *all your transgressions*, whereby ye have transgressed; and make you a new heart and a new spirit: for why will ye die?" Eze. 18:31.

After repentance, how should one live?

"What shall we say then? Shall we continue in sin, that grace may abound? *God forbid. How shall we that are dead to sin, live any longer therein?*" Rom. 6:1, 2.

Whose servant is he that committeth sin?

"He that committeth sin is of the Devil." 1 John 3:8.

How does God regard the truly penitent?

"To this man will I look, even to him that is poor and of a contrite spirit, and trembleth at My word." *Isa. 66:2.*

What promise is made to those who confess their sins?

"If we confess our sins, He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness." 1 John 1:9.

NOTE. Every known sin must be confessed to Christ, in order to secure the blessing of a full salvation.

By what are we cleansed from sin?

"The blood of Jesus Christ His Son cleanseth us from all sin." 1 John 1:7.

Toward whom are we to repent?

"Repentance toward God." Acts 20:21.

Toward whom must we exercise faith?

"And faith toward our Lord Jesus Christ." Acts 20:21.

NOTE.-Repentance should be exercised "toward God," because men have sinned against God by transgressing His holy law (1 John 3:4; 7:7-12). Faith should be exercised "toward our Lord Jesus Christ," because it is to that divine and ever-blessed Being that the sinner should look for salvation (Acts 4:12). It is when the sinner, with the eye of faith, views Jesus, through infinite love, and at an infinite sacrifice, opening up for him the way of salvation, that his heart is touched with the thought of how criminal a thing sin is, and that (if he yields to the strivings and entreaties of the Holy Spirit, exercising faith in the crucified) he is enabled to repent of his sins, and to apply to himself the merits of "the Lamb of God that taketh away the sin of the world" (John 1:29). Man needs grace and power superhuman and divine to repent unto salvation. And how is this grace and this power secured? By faith in Him who says, "Without Me ye can do nothing" (John 10:5). Saving faith must therefore be exercised in true repentance. Indeed, it is through saving faith that genuine repentance is effected. Consequently when the Holy Spirit, by means of the conjunction "and," adds "faith toward our Lord Jesus Christ" to "repentance toward God, we are not to understand that men must wait until they have repented before exercising saving faith in Christ, never to be converted, and to be lost at last.

If we keep faith ahead and in lively exercise, we shall know by blessed experience what are genuine repentance and genuine conversion, and shall "bring forth fruits meet for repentance (Matt. 3:8); but if we shut ourselves up to our own efforts and to our own works, faith, repentance, and conversion will be lacking, and instead of bringing forth fruits meet for repentance, we shall bring forth fruits from a heart that has not received the touch and mold of converting grace-fruits that will bear the marks of rebellion against God, and against His righteous ways. While it is true that those who do not repent of their sins cannot, scripturally, expect to be saved by faith in Christ, it is also true that it is by the same faith by which men repent that they claim and receive pardon, deliverance from sin, justification, the spirit of adoption, and cherish the hope of final salvation.

How will one show that he has truly repented?

"Bring forth therefore fruits meet for repentance [margin, answerable to amendment of life]."

Matt. 3:8.